

Proven benefits of TAVI

Several studies have shown that transcatheter aortic valve implantation (TAVI) has benefits for patient symptoms, recovery and quality of life compared with surgical aortic valve implantation (SAVR).^{1,3-7}



Shorter, less invasive procedure

Mean procedure time of 59 minutes for TAVI vs. 208 minutes with SAVR.^{1†} TAVI is a less invasive treatment and shortens the recovery time compared with SAVR.^{5*}



Lower Mortality

Lower death or disabling stroke with TAVI (1%) than with SAVR (2.9%) at 1 year (p=0.03).^{1†}



Fewer complications

Low risk of major adverse cerebrovascular and cardiac events (MACCE) and life threatening bleeding with TAVI.^{3,6‡} – Considering bias and the higher mortality risk of patients selected for TAVI, risk of MACCEs was not higher with TAVI vs. SAVR up to 1 year.^{3,6‡}



Less time in ICU & hospital

Mean hospital stay of 3 vs. 7 days with SAVR (p< 0.001).^{1†} Time in intensive care 2 vs. 3 days with SAVR.^{1†}



Faster recovery & return home

96% of patients undergoing TAVI with SAPIEN 3 valve were discharged home (routine discharge) compared to 73.1% with SAVR.^{1†}



Lower rehospitalisation

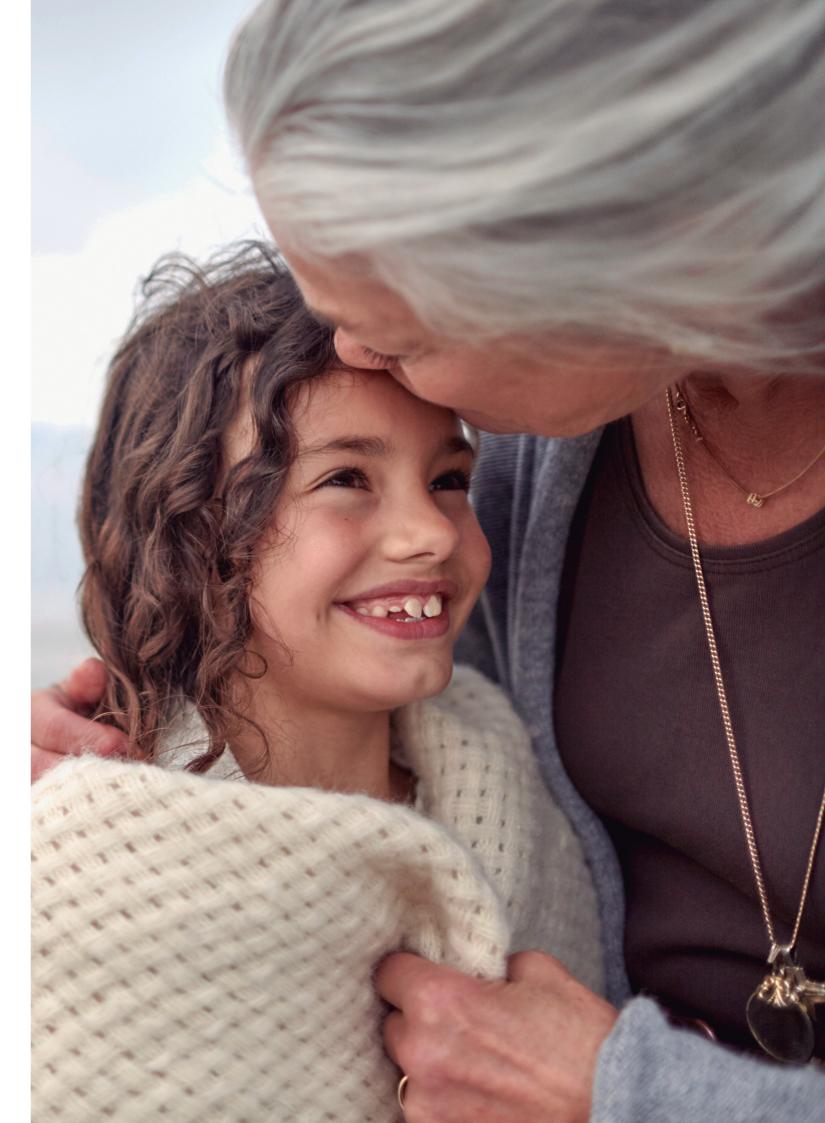
Rehospitalisation due to heart failure at 1 year after procedure at only 1.4% with SAPIEN 3 TAVI vs 3.6% with surgery (P=0.029).⁴



QoL Benefits

Significant improvements in measures of QoL vs. SAVR.⁷◊







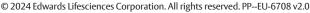
- Safe and effective procedure
- Increased quality of life with short hospital stay and procedure time
- Low complication and reintervention rates

References

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- 4. Data on file at Edwards Lifesciences.
- 5. Kleczyński, P, Bagieński M, Sorysz D, et al. Short- and intermediate-term improvement of patient quality of life after transcatheter aortic valve implantation: a single-centre study. Kardiol Pol 2014;72:612–616.
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